### 1. **Read the sentences and choose the correct relative pronouns to complete them.**

<b>1.</b> What's the name of the boy ( $\Box$ who   $\Box$ which   $\Box$ whose ) came from Brazil?
<b>2.</b> At the International School there are several students ( $\Box$ which   $\Box$ who   $\Box$ whose)
parents live abroad.
<b>3.</b> This is the student ( $\Box$ which   $\Box$ who   $\Box$ whose ) task is to help Abdul to integrate.
<b>4.</b> I wrote an essay about tolerance ( $\Box$ whose   $\Box$ who   $\Box$ which ) won a school award.
5. My sister used to wear traditional Turkish clothes ( $\Box$ whose   $\Box$ who   $\Box$ which )
didn't let her fit in easily at her new school.
6. Peter's mother works in a multinational company ( $\Box$ which   $\Box$ who   $\Box$ whose )
parent company is in India.

## 2. Choose the correct relative pronoun to complete the sentences.

<b>1.</b> The students ( $\Box$ where $\Box$ w	hich   🗖 whose	🗌 that ) grade	s are going dowr	n will have to w	vrite
an essay about technolo	ogy.				

2. The post ( which | who | whose ) was about you is getting a lot of likes.

3. This girl ( $\Box$  whose | $\Box$  which | $\Box$  who) spends more time on her computer than me is having trouble doing pair work at school.

**4.** The boy (  $\Box$  which |  $\Box$  whose |  $\Box$  who ) has lost his iPhone is my neighbour.

5. Students (	who	whose	which ) p	parents set li	imits on th	neir children'	s use of the
Internet are bet	tter at deali	ing with da	ily problen	ns.			

#### 3. Choose the sentences that use relative pronouns correctly.

The teacher whose maths lessons I loved last year has now created a great blog about geometry.



Did you read the article about Instagram which was in the school journal last month?



Teens who spend more hours a day on digital media are more likely to misunderstand emotions.

Classes whose use technology are more motivating and dynamic.

Students which interact with virtual objects are more likely to succeed.

### 4. Fill in the blanks with who, which or whose.

I come from a country ( whose | who | which ) main virtue is to receive guests well.
The neighbour ( who | which | whose ) moved in last week is my colleague at the factory.
The bakery ( who | which | whose ) is just round the corner serves wonderful German cakes.
That is my friend ( who | which | whose ) parents went to live in Japan.
The student in our class ( which | who | whose ) comes from Mozambique is very friendly.
There's a computer in the library ( who | who | whose ) you can use whenever you want.

## 5. Tick the sentences in which you can omit the relative pronoun.

Lorena is the foreign student that I	told you about.
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She is the girl that I met on the first day os school.

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These are the books about multicultural societies that I bought yesterday.

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It was the science teacher who gave me an award for welcoming the foreign students.



I was the person who supported the Italian student while he studied at my school.

The girl whose sister is in my class writes for the school's newspaper.

# 6. **Choose the correct relative pronoun to complete the sentences.**

**1.** Do you remember the name of the girl (  $\Box$  which |  $\Box$  whose |  $\Box$  who ) participated in the debate?

**2.** These are the students ( $\Box$  who | $\Box$  which | $\Box$  whose ) support face-to-face interaction.

**3.** Those students over there are the only ones (  $\Box$  that |  $\Box$  which |  $\Box$  whose ) can't disconnect.

**4.** Today's teens are people (  $\Box$  whose |  $\Box$  who |  $\Box$  which ) grew up being surrounded by technology.

**5.** Parents ( $\Box$  who | $\Box$  that | $\Box$  whose) children spend too much time on digital media should do something to prevent that.

6. The password (  $\Box$  who |  $\Box$  that |  $\Box$  whose ) I created yesterday is very strong.